(XXVIIth YEAR.) THE (No. 1387)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, APRIL 9, 1772.

To JUNIUS,

Alias EDMUND, *the* JESUIT *of* ST. OMERS.

SIR,

YOUR Letter of the 5th, is a greater Miracle than any you have hitherto produced. I do not mean in its Argument. In these Particulars you have been invested with a creative Power; and whatever you are pleased to bring forth, is not for us to *approve*, but to *admire*. But, Sir, your Letter of the 5th, is not written in the single Spirit of [illegible]; you have now turned the Efforts which [illegible] were exerted in creating Divisions among the [illegible]cement those which never fail to arise amongst [illegible].—I have no Objection to your Success in this Undertaking. Let the *Fathers* of YOUR *Church*, and the Sons of the City unite. Let them club their *Arts* and their *Powers*. Let *Wilkes* enjoy his *Fertility in Expedients*, he will have Need for it all. But neither that Fertility, the *republican Firmness* of *Sawbridge*; no, nor the *Youth*, *Spirit*, *and Graces of Townsend*, will avail to overturn the Constitution, or even procure to them, or to you, the ultimate Object of your Desires—a little Money.

Yet, Sir, why, in a Letter professedly written to reconcile the Patriots of the City, do you make a Digression to abuse Lord Mansfield? Is it because of the diametrical Opposition of *his* Character to *their's*? Certainly it must be so; and *Junius* is less a Fool than I believed him. Nothing more likely to reconcile Rogues, who rail at each other, than railing at honest Men. If your *Dogs* are of the true *Breed*, they will leave off worrying one another, and join in the Cry against the common Enemy.

It is on the Subject of this Abuse that I take the Liberty to address the mighty *Junius*.

This *Phœnix* of *Politicians* and of *Reasoners* tells the Publick, that "he never had a Doubt about the strict Right of pressing, till he knew Lord Mansfield was of the same Opinion." *That* indeed *staggered him not a little*; and to be sure it was a staggering Consideration. For who is to learn that Lord Mansfield is utterly ignorant of the Law; and that his Judgment is avowedly so weak and perverse, that a wise Politician (I mean so very wise a Politician as *Junius*) will examine no further, but at once conclude, *that* Proposition in Law to be *false*, which Lord Mansfield holds to be *true*?

Sir, when you are only puerile, blundering, inconsistent, and absurd, I treat you as you deserve, with Ridicule and Contempt. But when you assert positive Falshoods, the mildest Usage you can expect, is to have them crammed down the foul Throat from which they issued. Of this Nature are the Questions you make, and the Answers you are pleased to give to yourself, in relation to Lord Mansfield. So many *infamous Lies* as these Answers contain, were never crowded together before—not even by *Junius*. You insinuate (and you dare but insinuate) that Lord Mansfield was the *secret* Adviser of sending out the Guards when the Affair of St. George's Fields happened. That his Lordship was in any Shape, *ostensibly* or otherwise, concerned in that Matter; that he knew of it till Days after it happened, is a *Lie of the First Magnitude*; and I dare you to bring even the Shadow of a Proof of your infamous Assertion.

It is also a *Lie*, that Lord Mansfield attacks the Liberty of the Press. He has endeavoured, indeed, by legal and constitutional Methods, to restrain the *Abuse* of that *Liberty*; and in doing so he has shewn himself a good Citizen. Are you a Politician, and ignorant that the Abuse of the best Things makes them degenerate into the worst? Are you a Pretender to Reason, and ignorant that the Abuse of a valuable Privilege is the certain Means to lose it? Are not *you* a publick Defamer of every respectable Character in the Nation? Have not *you* carried the *Licence* of the *Press* beyond the Bounds not only of Decency and Humanity, but even of human Conception? And dare you complain that its *Liberty* is attacked? Your Reliance on the Ignorance of those to whom you write must be great indeed, when you dare affirm a *Fact*, which is contradicted and proved a *Lie* by the very Affirmation of its Truth.

Nor is it less *false*, that Lord Mansfield invades the *constitutional Power of Juries*. All who are able to form a Judgment on a Question of Law know, that Lord Mansfield's Opinion, with respect to the Power of Juries, is no less the Law of the Land than the Advantage of the Subject.

Your Question, relating to Lord Mansfield's challenging a Juryman, I confess I do not understand; neither do I know to what it alludes. A Charge of that Nature ought to have been accompanied with Circumstances of Time, Place, and Occasion. When, where, and on what Account was this done? Answer me these Questions, and I pledge myself to the Publick, that I shall prove, to the Conviction of every reasonable Man, that, if it was so done, it was legally done.

Your next Accusation shews you no less void of Judgment and Consistency, than of Justice and Truth. You accuse Lord Mansfield to the Publick, for saying a Lord is entitled to no greater Damages, in a Suit for debauching his Wife, than a Mechanick. Lord Mansfield did say, that, in an Action of Damages for criminal Conversation, the Law did not consider the Rank of the *Person injured*. And in this he uttered not only the Dictates of Law, but the Dictates of common Sense and Humanity, neither of which you seem to understand. Had Lord Mansfield said, that the Law did not consider the Rank of the *injuring Person*, it might have been argued that he meant to screen the King's Brother. But the Difference between Light and Darkness is not greater, than between this Proposition and the Proposition he maintained. None but an Irish Understanding could possibly take the Change, or suppose them *convertible Propositions*. But can you, *Junius*, seriously make your Court to the People, by telling them there is a wide Difference between the Crime of debauching the Wife of a Lord, and one of their own? You were bred at St. Omers. You were destined for *a Church*, not that, indeed, of which *Saville*, &c. *are the Fathers*; but, however, a Church which requires some Reading. Reading the Scriptures, it is true, is forbid by your Canons; but surely you have heard of the Prophet *Nathan*'s Address to *David*, on a Subject of this Nature. The Prophet, worse than Lord Mansfield, thought that debauching the Wife of a poor Man was a greater Crime than debauching the Wife of a Lord; for this plain and humane Reason, that a poor Man's Wife was his all, his only Comfort and Consolation; whereas a rich Man had many others. Yet *Junius*, the popular *Junius*, tells the People plainly, that debauching One of their Wives is nothing in Comparison of saying with a Lord's; and arraigns the upright and discerning Judge, who says, that the Injury to the Husband is in both Cases equal.

Who makes Commissioners of the Great Seal? Lord Mansfield.—Indeed!—I thought that Power had only resided in the King. To see how plain Men may mistake! If you, *Junius*, by *making Commissioners*, mean *advising* the King to make Commissioners, I understand you. The Expression is rather inaccurate, but *that* one is often obliged to pass over in *Junius*. In my Turn give me Leave to ask you a Question. Who so proper to advise his Majesty in the Choice of a Law Officer as Lord Mansfield? But Lord Mansfield not only *made* the Commissioners of the Great Seal; he also framed their Decree, and then disavowed the Decree of his own framing in the House of Peers. This is an absurd and an improbable *Lie*. It is absurd and improbable to suppose Lord Mansfield framed a Decree for Three Judges, very capable to frame one themselves. It is more absurd to suppose Lord Mansfield would disavow the Decree, which he himself had made, in the Presence of the Three Commissioners for whom he had made it, and who could so easily have detected his Duplicity. And it is a direct and publick *Lie*, that Lord Mansfield said *he never had a Doubt that the Law was in direct Opposition to that Decree*. He did *not* give an Opinion in the House of Peers. He only stated the Question; and the Decree was reversed on the unanimous Opinion of the Eight Judges who attended. For the Truth of this I appeal to all who were present.

The last Charge of *Junius* represents Lord Mansfield making it his Study to undermine and alter the whole System of Jurisprudence in the King's Bench. One would scarcely believe that there could be an Understanding so twisted, or a Heart so corruptly malignant, as to make *that* an Article of Accusation, which, fairly taken, includes in it the most exalted Merit and Virtue. If there be a superlatively eminent Quality in Lord Mansfield's great and deserved Character, it is the unremitting and unwearied Efforts he constantly has made, to rescue injured and oppressed Innocence from the harpy Fangs of *Chicane* and Quibble. The Nation does him Justice in this Particular: And all the Arts and Lies, that have been employed to defame him, have never been able to stagger the publick Confidence in his Judgment and Integrity. The Proof of this is in the Breast of every Man to whom I write; and the Croud of Suitors in the Court where he presides, gives the most honourable Testimony to the Truth which I affirm, and the most palpable Lie to the Assertion of the abandoned *Junius*.

And now, Sir, having answered all your Questions, you are worth no further Notice. I shall in my Turn address a few Queries to the Publick; and I am sorry that the Temper of the Times should oblige me to recal to their Memory Things, which ought to be indelibly engraven on the Heart of every Englishman.

By whose Advice was it that his Majesty, immediately on his Accession to the Throne, made the Judges Places for Life, thereby rendering them independent on King or Minister? *Lord Mansfield.* When Lord Chatham and Lord Camden attempted to revive the impious and unconstitutional Doctrine of a Power in the Crown to dispense with the Laws of the Land (which was precisely the Point on which the glorious Revolution *hinged*, and the Doctrine for maintaining of which James II. lost his Crown) *who* stood in the Breach, and with Eloquence and Argument, more than human, defeated the pernicious Attempt? *Lord Mansfield.*—Who supported and carried through the House of Peers the Bill called the *Nullum Tempus* Bill; that Law by which the Minds of the People were quieted against Apprehension of Claims on the Part of the Crown? *Lord Mansfield.*—To whom do we owe the Success of the Bill for restraining the Privilege of Parliament, of such essential Service to the internal Commerce of the Nation, and especially to that Part of it which could least afford to lie under any Disadvantage, the industrious Shopkeeper and Tradesman? *Lord Mansfield.*—Who carried Mr. Grenville's last Legacy to the Nation through the House of Peers; that Bill, by which Questions of Elections in the House of Commons are henceforth to be tried, in a Manner which will prevent the Injustice supposed to have been done in the Middlesex Election, and guard against the bad Consequences which it was feared might follow from that Determination? *Lord Mansfield.*

I might add many other constitutional Questions, in which Lord Mansfield has ever been on the Side of publick Liberty. But, if what I have already said be not sufficient to vindicate the First Character in the Nation from the false Aspersions of an unprincipled Scribbler, I am bold to say, that the Time is now arrived, when it is unworthy of an honest Man to labour for the Publick; and the Character of an Englishman, once so respectable, will no longer be known but by its Folly and Ingratitude.

ZENO.

CONSTANTINOPLE, *November* 18.

THE late bad Success of the Turkish Arms is attributed to the Revolt of the Janissaries, who, it is said, being discontented for want of their Pay, refused to fight, murdered their Aga and his Lieutenant, plundered the Military Chest, which contained 5,000,000 Pieces of Eight, set fire to the Camp, &c. after which they dispersed themselves different Ways. The Grand Visir, finding all was lost, fought his Safety in Flight, accompanied only by Sixty Persons, and carried with him the Standard of Mahomet, which, without this Precaution, would have infallibly fallen into the Hands of the Enemy. Notwithstanding all these unhappy Circumstances, the Porte is so far from being dispirited, that it is taking all possible Measures to remedy these Evils; Accordingly, Money has been sent to Adrianople, and the Pacha who commands there has received Orders to raise all the Men that are capable of bearing Arms, and march against the Mutineers, in order to bring them back to their Duty. There is a Talk of deposing the Grand Visir, and supplying his Place with Moegzoen Zade. Upwards of 3000 Workmen are constantly employed in casting Canon, and the utmost Pains are taking to get every Thing ready for the Fleet and Army.

ROME, *Dec.* 7. Tuesday last the Prince of Saxe Gotha, attended by a considerable Train, arrived in this City *incog.* under the Title of Count de Roda, who is to wait the Arrival of his Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester. His Holiness has appointed the Prince Borghese d'Aldobrandi and the Duke of Odescalchi to shew the same Honours to his Royal Highness as they did to the late Duke of York, when he honoured this City with his Presence.

WARSAW, *Dec.* 11. Notwithstanding the Vigilance of the Polish and Russian Troops, all Kinds of Violences continue to be committed every Day, so that it becomes more and more necessary to attend to the Safety of the King: A Reinforcement of 2000 Russian Troops is lately arrived here for this Purpose, and Guards are placed at all the Wells and Fountains belonging to the Palace. In this Situation his Majesty lately gave a great Proof of his Resolution: When the Deputies from the Grand Duchy of Lithuania had their Audience, he said to them, among other Things, "Why should divine Providence, by his adorable Power, have preserved me when in so imminent Danger, if, for his own extraordinary Purposes he had not some particular End in view." Among these Deputies was Okierka: This good old Man was so affected at the Manner in which his Majesty received them, and the Horror of his late Situation, that he fainted away, and died upon the Spot.

LONDON,

Dec. 21. Monday Night a Captain of a Ship, who lives near Wapping, going to Bed earlier than usual, his Wife, who had been abroad, and not suspecting him to be at Home, brought a Man with her, whom she introduced into her Bed Chamber, and they lying down together, to repose themselves, disturbed the Husband, who jumped out of Bed, soon made the Gallant fly, and then fell foul of his Wife, whom he beat in a most unmerciful Manner, knocked her down, and jumped upon her Stomach; she was carried to the London Hospital, and the Husband before Justice Sherwood, who committed him to New-prison.

Dec. 26. The Gang of Coiners, lately discovered at Birmingham, counterfeited all Kinds of British Gold Coin in a very accurate Manner, by Means of various Dies curiously cut. It is said they have circulated above Ten Thousand Guineas, which they effected by

Means of the Drovers in various Parts of England, who, it is asserted, were allowed a Profit of Three Shillings in the Guinea.

The King of Spain has given Orders for taking a Yearly List of all the Foreigners settled in his Dominions; the Design of this Order is to prevent the Natives from assuming the Quality of Foreigners, in order to enjoy certain Privileges granted by Treaty.

Dec. 28. Letters from France say, that a Ship lately arrived at Rochford, from the Canary Islands, brought Home a Sea Rose-tree, which had been fished up above a Year. It is as hard as any Coral, hath Leaves, &c. of the Colour of a Rose-tree, and its Scent is very agreeable.

Last Thursday Two Men, who make it their Business to send People abroad, for which Purpose they Daily ply at the Royal Exchange, decoyed a Man to a Publick-house at the End of Sherborne-lane, where they wanted him to enlist into the East-India Company's Service, and, on his Refusal, swore that he was a Deserter, and accordingly handcuffed him, beat him in a barbarous Manner, and then secured him in the Poultry-Compter, in order to carry him before a Magistrate, under Pretence of sending him to the Regiment; and Yesterday he was carried before Alderman Alsop, at Guildhall, when some Gentlemen of Reputation appearing to prove that the Prisoner was no Deserter, and also several Tradesmen from Sherborne-lane, to prove the cruel Usage he had received, he was dismissed, and the Two Fellows were committed to Newgate.

Jan. 3. Lord George Germaine has lately been at St. James's; and it is confidently asserted that he may, if he pleases, have a civil Employment of great Importance; but that he never will engage actually as a Minister of the Crown, unless he is restored to his military Honours.

The Report of Three Sail of Men of War fitting out at Portsmouth, for the Straits, is entirely false; there not being any Ships of War fitting out there at all, only the Guardships and Cruisers have been docked lately as usual.

The following is handed about as the Copy of a Letter from a new made Duchess to a noble Lord at the Head of the Treasury, in Answer to one lately received from him on the Subject of her Marriage, though it is little credited.

"MY LORD,

"I had the Honour of your Letter Two Days since, and though it required no Hesitation on my Part to decide me how to act, yet I waited to have the Sentiments of those, who, from the Ties of Honour and Relationship, I should respect superior to my own; as I have the Satisfaction to find my Opinion confirmed, I can the more readily answer such Particulars as you want to be informed of.

"You urge many *political* Motives for my relinquishing the publick Title of D——ss of C————d, and add, how agreeable it would be to his M————y I should be on the same Footing with the C——ss of W————e, who, 'bating publick Precedence, is received by all Branches of the R——l F————y as D——ss of G————r; as a Succedaneum to all these, you enter into the true Spirit of your Character as a Statesman, and offer me, by Way of Bribe, a handsome Jointure.

"All these, I must confess, are flattering Circumstances, but do not, by any Means, constitute my Happiness. In regard to the First Point, I must frankly tell you I am no Judge of *Politicks*; therefore shall never take it into Consideration: In respect to the Second, I am much obliged to his M————y for such Condescension; but, however a Reception, on such Terms, may suit the *still* Mind of the Countess, who, as Lord Chalkstone says, "may prefer fattening on the *Summum Bonum*," my Ambition leads to a larger Compass, and Six shining Footmen, calling out, "The D——ss of C————d's Carriage here," at any of the publick Places, will give me more Heartfelt Satisfaction than all the R——l *Parties quarrels* I should ever have at B————m House.

"Your Lordship's Sagacity will readily see my Objection to the Third Point is necessarily involved in my Refusal to the Two former; but, lest it should not, I tell you, once for all, not even the Possession of your *Golden Key*, or the greatest Overflow of the Treasury, should induce me to alter my Sentiments. My Husband's Fortune, though not at present equal to his Rank, with *interior Oeconomy*, is sufficient to make a suitable Appearance in publick. I am perfectly content with that, and whenever it shall graciously please his M————y to think more favourably of me, I flatter myself I shall not be behind-hand with *any of my Family*, in Duty and Affection.

"I have the Honour to be, *&c.*

Windsor-Lodge, December 19."

It is said that new and very advantageous Overtures were, a few Days since, made to the D. of C. on Condition that he would become a voluntary Exile at Hanover.

Extract of a Letter from Cambridge, December, 29.

This University is at present divided about the Affair of Subscription for the Bachelors Degree. Many Persons are offended at the young Men for troubling themselves about the Thirty-nine Articles at their Time of Life; and the Master of a College has threatened to stop the Degree of any Person who shall sign the Petition addressed to the Vice Chancellor and Senate, now circulating in this Place; while the Gentlemen on the other Side, say, If it is not right for the young Men to trouble their Heads as yet upon the Subject, it is not right in their Superiors to compel their Subscription, especially as it is well known that there is not a single Lecture given upon the Articles or Homilies, in the University."

Extract of a Letter from Chatham.

"Notwithstanding all those necessary Precautions which Government has taken to prevent the Plague being brought into these Kingdoms, I do assure the Publick, that those very Crews who are commanded to perform Quarantine, unmolested and untouched, come to the Shore with Impunity, nor pay any Obedience to the Law, further than a Continuation of their Ships in Standgate Creek."

Lord Chief Justice De Grey has had some Offers made him to resign, which is thought will be in favour of Mr. Thurloe, who is to be succeeded by Mr. Wedderburne.

On a moderate Calculation, founded on the latest Intelligence from India, the Revenues of the Company, it appears, amount to considerably more than Two Millions and a Half Yearly.

Jan. 4. Advice is received that the French are secretly exporting immense Quantities of Ordnance and Stores to the Coast of Africa and the East-Indies.

Jan. 6. An eminent Physician, lately speaking of the Duke of Gloucester's Case, delivered it as his Opinion, that his Royal Highness might hold out a few Months longer in a warm Climate; but to expect his Recovery was to hope for Impossibilities, and to distress ourselves doubly, by adding Disappointment to Misfortune.

Jan. 8. The following is an authentic Copy of an anonymous Letter which was lately sent to Lord T————d in the Kingdom of Ireland, and which has made a great Bustle in the Castle.

"MY LORD,

"Your Ears have been so long unaccustomed to hear *Truth*, that it will sound but harshly to them; however, it is worth hearkening to: And, though it comes from an unknown Voice, let your Excellency listen.

"There is a Respect due to Misfortune which a generous Man will always pay. The *low Rogue* in the Pillory demands it from the Mob, and it is very seldom refused: Far be it from me, therefore, to withhold it from the *great Rogue* at the Helm. Well do I know the brittle Stuff your Character is made of: It is too *soft* to be handled roughly; and, like your own Promises, would vanish into Vapour and Air.

"Why should I tell your Excellency, what every Clerk in every Office in Town repeats, that you are a Boy in Politicks? Alas! that Folly has neither Eyes nor Ears! In an evil Hour, like Phaeton, you assumed the Reins; and, like him, in an evil Hour you must let them go.—What have you to do with Politicks; Before the *Conflagration* begins, retire.—Were an Angel to take Pity on your Woes, he would descend and give you the same Advice.

"Are you still incredulous? Look round you, and see where you are. Who are your Friends? Your *Friends* did I say?—M————y, M————e, S————, and a black List of other Knaves.—Can *they* be Friends?—Alas! you blush for them; and, if they could, would blush for you—Take my Advice, my Lord, and retire.

"Take a more extended View. Think on the State to which you have reduced this wretched Country. Every Place, every Person in confusion—our Laws trampled upon—our Trade wounded—and our publick Credit rendered precarious—under your Administration; our Beggars have become more beggarly—and our Knaves more knavish.—Does this dreadful Picture affright you?—Are you a Man to cope with the Fury of an enraged People?—Think of this, tremble, and retire.

"Are you still incredulous?—I am not surprised. As you are ignorant, you have a Right to be confident. Listen once more then—look into History for the Fate of Traitors in past Ages: It will inform you, to your Confusion, how easy the Step is from the Throne of Ireland to the Scaffold of England. Shame! shame! my Lord, quit your Castle, and retire."

Jan. 10. On Wednesday after the Levee was over at St. James's, their Excellencies the Russian and Swedish Ambassadors, together with the Earl of Rochford and Lord North, attended his Majesty to the Queen's Palace, where the Swedish Ambassador shewed the Answer from his Court relative to the objected Articles in the Treaty of Commerce, which were agreed to be removed; and at the next Council it will be ratified by all Parties.

Mr. Adair and Dr. Jebb arrived at Pisa on the 11th of December; their Advice was, that the Duke of Gloucester should continue in that Place some Time longer. His Royal Highness was at a masked Ball in that City on the 13th of the same Month.

The Report of the Day is, that Letters are received from Brest, dated the 6th Inst. which mention, that Orders had been just received from Court to equip Nine Sail of the Line and Four Frigates with all Expedition, but the Object thereof is kept secret.

Jan. 13. It is remarkable that her Majesty's Brothers, besides having Regiments in the Hanoverian Service, are, the one Governor of Zell, and the other Governor of Hanover, with large Appointments; whereas the King's Brothers are, one a Colonel, and the other a Rear-Admiral, with the common Allowance of other Officers in the same Situation.

The following remarkable Affair happened a few Days ago at Fulham: A Gentleman hired a House there, and accidently found a Key of uncommon Construction, and was determined to find out the Place it belonged to: After searching for some Time, he discovered a small Door in a dark Corner of one of the Garrets, which he opened with the Key, and found a Place resembling a Well; it proved to be a winding Staircase, Twelve Feet deep, and no other Way of descending but by going backwards: On coming to the Bottom, by Means of a Candle, he discovered a complete Set of Implements for coining: The Smoke from the melting Furnace was artfully conveyed to the main Chimney by Means of a Flue artfully concealed. By the Dies it seems were counterfeited the old broad Gold Pieces, and, as near as can be conjectured, is now about 200 Years since this secret Place was first made.

Jan. 15. Col. L—— has lately received an anonymous Letter, dissuading him in the strongest Manner from making any publick Recantation of his Principles and Conduct in the Middlesex Election, and from offering himself as a Member of the Bill of Rights. The Arguments are drawn from the Necessity that both the Colonel and the Body of Patriots should support some Character, which would be entirely forfeited on both Sides, if he should disavow the only Point in Politicks he ever yet maintained, and they should receive so barefaced an Apostate with open Arms. A middle Track is recommended to him, in which his Services will be accepted, and highly acknowledged by the Patriots. From some Particularities the Letter is supposed to come from the Pen of the celebrated Junius. One Correspondent promises, if possible, to procure us a Copy of it.

A Correspondent has sent us Word, that although the Spaniards have fulfilled the Convention by delivering up of Falkland's Island, yet the Right of future Possession remains yet unsettled; but a Memorial from Spain is Hourly expected, when this important Point will be finally determined during the next Session of Parliament.

ANNAPOLIS, APRIL 9.

On Wednesday the First Instant departed this Life, Mr. *Thomas Ringgold*, late of *Chester-Town*, Merchant, and one of the Delegates of *Kent* County. He discharged the Trust reposed in him by the People, in their Appointment of him to serve in that elevated Department, with FIDELITY; and yet, did not acquire more Esteem, Respect and Honour from his publick than private Conduct. His extreme Sensibility greatly disposed him to Beneficence, while Providence, smiling on his unwearied Diligence, crowned his Labours with a generous Fortune; which confirmed him a real Friend to the Poor. Nor was his Liberality confined here alone; many of his Relatives largely participated his Wealth, and publick Contributions flourished on the Fruits of his Industry. But it would be needless to enumerate particularly his Virtues, when he passed through the various Duties and Offices of Life, incident to his Circumstances, with unsullied Reputation, and died universally regretted—a GOOD MAN.

Charles County, *March* 22, 1772.

On Tuesday the 26th of May *next, at the House of* Mrs. Anne Halkerston, *in* Port-Tobacco, *will be exposed to Sale, to the highest Bidder,*

THE Two following Tracts or Parcels of Land, late the Property of Capt. *Robert Horner*, and conveyed to me in Trust for the Use of his Creditors.

KEITH's REST, lying in the County aforesaid, near Mr. *Joshua Sanders's*, in the Neighbourhood of *Bryan-Town*. This Tract was patented for only One Hundred Acres, but it is said contains near Three. Any Person inclinable to view it before the Day of Sale, may apply to Mr. *David Osburn*, a Tenant on it.

HOG MARSH, containing Eight Acres, a Piece of Lease Land for Three Lives, lying in *Westwood* Marsh, adjoining *Westwood* Manor, and near the Plantation of Mr *John Winter*, on *Wicomico* River in the County aforesaid.——Those who have an Inclination to purchase both or either of the abovementioned Tracts of Land, must come prepared with Current Money, Sterling Cash, or Bills of Exchange, as no Credit can be given by

(t.s.) GEORGE LEE, Sheriff.

IN Consequence of my being made Choice of to inspect the Tobacco brought to *Queen-Anne* Warehouse, on the Terms it was inspected by Mr. *Magruder* last Year, I have taken the following Oath.

MARSH MANEN DUVALL.

Prince-George's County, ff. *March* 30, 1772.

I hereby certify, that at the Request of Mr. *Marsh Manen Duvall*, I have administered the following Oath, *to wit.*

"I, *Marsh Manen Duvall*, do make Oath on the Holy Evangelists of Almighty GOD, that I will diligently and carefully view and inspect all such Tobacco as shall be uncased and offered to me for Inspection, at *Queen-Anne* Warehouse, between the First Day of *April* and the Twentieth Day of *August* next; and that I will, after such Inspection, deliver a Receipt or Certificate to the Owner of such Tobacco (if required) expressing the Tare and Nett Weight thereof, distinguishing the same as to Colour as was done under the late Inspection Law; and that I will not pass any Tobacco that is not in my Judgment sound, well conditioned, merchantable, and clear of Trash, and will mark and stamp the same when desired; and that I will attend the said Warehouse from the First Day of *April* to the Twenty-second Day thereof, as often as required, for the Inspection and delivering out such Tobacco; and that I will attend constantly at said Warehouse, from the Twenty-second Day of *April* to the Twentieth Day of *August* next, for the Inspection and delivering out all such Tobacco as aforesaid; and that I will also attend the said Warehouse, from the said Twentieth Day of *August* next, as often as I am required, till all the Tobacco I shall so inspect shall be delivered out; and that I will not any Way intermeddle with or busy myself in procuring Tobacco to be sold or consigned to any Merchant, or in lading any Ship or Vessel with Tobacco, except my own."

Sworn before me the Day and Year first above written,

RICHARD DUCKETT, jun.

Alexandria, April 2, 1772.

NOW on the Stocks, and will be launched, and ready to load by the 15th of *May* next, the Brig *Betty*, for Charter, to any Part of *Great-Britain*. It is expected she will carry about 320 Hogsheads of Tobacco. The Terms may be known by applying to Mr. *Daniel Stephenson* in *Bladensburg*, or the Subscriber at *Alexandria*.

(t.f.) WILLIAM WOOD.

Baltimore, April 6, 1772.

TO BE CHARTERED,

THE Ship *Kitty*, *Joseph Mallet*, Master, Burthen about 300 Hogsheads of Tobacco, now lying at *Fell's-Point*. Apply to the Subscriber. There are a few *Palatine* Passengers in the above Ship, whose Freights are to be disposed of by

JAMES CHRISTIE. jun.

A MEETING of the CLERGY is requested in *Annapolis*, on Wednesday, the Sixth Day of *May* next. (4w)

Annapolis, April 7, 1772.

THIS is to forewarn all Persons from trusting my Wife *Sarah*, as I will not pay any Debts of her contracting after the Date hereof.

CORNELIUS SULIVANE.

March 31, 1772.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living on *Great Sonica*, in *Frederick* County, *Maryland*, on Friday the 27th Instant, a Convict Servant Man named THOMAS READY, about 5 Feet 3 or 4 Inches high, of a fair Complexion, light Hair, about 25 Years of Age, the fore Finger of his left Hand is stirait, occasioned by a Cut: Had on when he went away a German-Serge Coat of a mixed light Colour, a Waistcoat near the same, white Cotton Breeches with black Spots, much worn on the Knees and patch'd, One Pair of mixed Worsted Hose, One Pair of Country ditto, Country Shoes much worn and tied with Strings, new Osnabrig Shirt, old white ditto, and a Half-worn Felt Hat; is a talkative Fellow and fond of Liquor He took with him a small HORSE, about 14 Hands high, a Star on his Forehead, about 10 Years old, paces, trots and gallops, branded on the near Buttock CR, and has a short Tail; a new *English* Saddle and strip'd Saddle-Cloth bound with green. Whoever takes up the said Servant and Horse, and secures them as the Owner may have them again, shall receive Five Pounds Reward, or Fifty Shillings for either, and reasonable Charges if brought Home, paid by

(2w) JOHN FORREST DAVIS.

N. B. He took a Cadder Blanket with him.

EIGHT DOLLARS REWARD.

March 31, 1772.

RAN away last Night from the Subscriber, living in *Bladensburg*, *Prince-George's* County, a likely, strong, well made, Country born Negro Man, named DICK, about 5 Feet 10 Inches or 6 Feet high: Had on when he went away a Drab coloured Bearskin upper Jacket, the Cuff torn from one of the Sleeves, a double breasted Jacket of spotted Swanskin or Flannel, with black Horn or Mohair Buttons, an Osnabrig Shirt, a Castor Hat about Half worn, a Pair of Buckskin Breeches which appear to be rather too small for him, a Pair of mix'd Worsted Stockings, a Pair of new Shoes with Brass Buckles in them. He may have forged a Pass, as I am told he can read, and it is probable he may write. He will likely make for *Newcastle* County, as his former Master lives there, about 50 or 60 Miles from *Baltimore-Town*. Those who apprehend him are desired to be very cautious in securing him, for he will if possible make his Escape. Whoever takes up the said Negro, or secures him in any Jail, so that I may get him again, shall receive 40 Shillings, or the above Reward if brought Home, and reasonable Charges, paid by

JAMES MILLER.

St. Mary's County, *March 10, 1772.*

To be sold by Wholesale, at St. Mary's *Warehouse, at First Cost and Charges,*

ABOUT Nine Hundred Pounds Cost of Goods, among which are the following Articles, *viz.* Irish Linens, Dowlas, Osnabrigs, Rolls, Woollens and Stuffs of different Kinds, Shoes, and sundry other Articles too tedious to mention, great Part of which were imported last Summer. Attendance will be given at the above Place, to shew the Goods to any Person who is inclined to become a Purchaser. Credit will be given for Part of the Purchase Money, upon giving Bond and Security if required.

(6w) GRACE GUYTHER.

March 9, 1772.

THOSE who have not delivered their *Carrollsburg* Tickets, are desired once more to do it without further Delay, that they may have their Deeds, and the Business be completed.

(5w) H. ROZER, D. CARROLL, N. YOUNG, } Trustees.

ALL Persons that have Claims against the Estate of *James John Mackall*, late of *Calvert* County, deceased, are desired to bring them in legally proved and they shall be paid; and those that are indebted to said Estate are requested to make speedy Settlement with JOHN MACKALL, jun. Executor.

TO BE SOLD,

THE Tract of Land belonging to Brigadier General *Haldimand*, at *Conococheague* in *Frederick* County, known by the Name of *Cresap's old Place*, *Long Meadow enlarged*, or *Bouquet's Place*, or *Quarter*, containing by Estimation 4203 Acres; the very excellent and extensive Meadow belonging to the Tract is fenced in; the whole, in respect of Soil, Timber, Meadow and Water, not inferior to any Land in *America*. Any Person inclining to purchase may apply to the Hon. *Daniel Dulany*, Esq; in *Annapolis*, or to *Peter Haldimand*, Esq; in *Philadelphia*.

THOMAS MORGAN,

WATCH AND CLOCK-MAKER,

Late of Philadelphia, *at the Sign of the* ARCH DIAL, *in* Gay-Street, Baltimore,

TAKES this Method to acquaint the Publick, that he has employed Two Journeymen from *London*, who were regularly taught the Art and Mystery of Watch and Clock making; where he intends carrying on the Business in all its extensive Branches. Likewise, intends repairing and cleaning repeating, horizontal, musical, quarterly and plain Watches and Clocks, after the best and neatest Manner; and further, proposes to engage his Performance for One Year, provided the Owners do not abuse the same, nor apply to unskilful Hands, where many good Watches are greatly abused for Want of Experience. Any Gentleman may, by applying, have new Watches and Clocks made after the neatest and best Construction; and he most gratefully acknowledges the many Favours he has received from the Publick, and hopes for a Continuance of them, as he will make it his constant Study to merit their Esteem.

N. B. The said *T. Morgan* intends working at the same Rates and Prices as done at *Philadelphia*.

THERE is at the Plantation of *John Tannehill*, living near *Rock Creek* Chapel in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a dark bay Mare, about 13 Hands high, has some white Spots on her off hind Foot, a Star on her Forehead, and branded thus —— on her off Thigh. The Owner may have her again on proving Property and paying Charges.

Newport, Charles County, *March 10, 1772.*

RAN away from the Subscriber's Plantation, near *Bryan-Town*, a Mulatto Man Slave called *Stephen Butler*; he is a lusty Fellow, about 6 Feet 2 Inches high, thin faced, has a small Scar on the right Cheek-Bone, and has lost One of his under Jaw fore Teeth: Had on when he went away a blue Duffel Jacket, a white Cotton ditto, and spotted Cotton Breeches; it is likely he may have changed them, as he has different Suits. He plays on the Fiddle, works at tight coopering, sawing and Wheel-work, is by Trade a Carpenter, has been pretty well known as a Runaway for these 30 Years, and has so great a Correspondence amongst many white People, that he never was once taken only by myself. He has confessed to me and many others where he has been harboured and whose Houses he resorted; that he has worked for several by Stealth, whose Names I shall pass over in Silence at this Time, but for the future, if I can possibly make Proof either against white or black, I will proceed against them as the Law directs. He is a very great Liar, an insinuating Fellow, and if taken into Custody will endeavour to make his Escape. Whoever will take up and bring the said Slave to his Master, shall have, if taken in the County, Ten Dollars, if in any other County Twelve, and if Fifty Miles from Home or out of the Province Ten Pounds and reasonable Charges, paid by (w6) LEONARD BOARMAN.

Frederick County, *March 19, 1772.*

WHEREAS a certain *John Thompson* hath fraudulently obtained my Note of Hand for 23 Pounds, payable from the First Day of this Instant; which I deny paying, and forewarn any Person from buying or dealing for the same, as I am determined not to pay it. RICHARD HOLLAND.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Ruth Orrick*, near the Head of *South-River*, taken up as a Stray, a pied Heifer, about Three Years old, unmarked.

The Owner may have her again on proving Property and paying Charges. (w3)

March 3, 1771.

To be sold in Pursuance to the Will of Henry Brent, *of* Maryland, *deceased, to the highest Bidder, on the Premises, on Wednesday the 22d Day of* April *next, if fair, if not the next fair Day,*

A Tract of Land, containing Twelve Hundred Acres, lying in *Stafford* County, on *Aquia* Run, about Six Miles from *Aquia* Warehouse, and Twelve from *Falmouth*. The Land is very good for cropping or farming, and will either be sold all together or in Parcels as can be agreed on at the Day of Sale. The Terms will also be made known the same Day. Any one inclinable to purchase may be shewn the Land and the Title to it, by applying to Mr. *John Gibson*, Merchant at *Aquia*.

(ts) CLARE BRENT, Executrix.

THE Subscriber being in the Custody of the Sheriff of *Frederick* County, takes this Method to inform his Creditors, that he intends to apply to the next General Assembly for Relief.

GEORGE WALKER.

SCHEME of a LOTTERY

For raising 1500 DOLLARS,

FOR CLEANING AND SECURING THE DOCK IN ANNAPOLIS.

Number of Prizes		Dollars.		Dollars.
1	of	2000	is	2000
1	of	1000	is	1000
2	of	500	are	1000
4	of	250	are	1000
5	of	100	are	500
10	of	50	are	500
25	of	20	are	500
50	of	10	are	500
750	of	4	are	3000
848 Prizes.				10000
4152 Blanks.				
5000 Tickets, at Two Dollars each, amount to				10000

BY the above SCHEME, there are more than Four Blanks to a Prize, and the Prizes are subject to a Deduction of Fifteen *per Cent.* but as there are many of them very valuable, it is not doubted but the Tickets will very soon be disposed of, especially as a great Number of them are already engaged.

The Drawing to begin on the Second Monday in *July* next, or sooner if sooner full, in the Presence of Five of the Managers at least, and as many of the Adventurers as chuse to attend.

The Managers are, Messr. *Lancelot Jacques*, *William Reynolds*, *William Paca*, *Thomas Johnson*, *Thomas Jennings*, *Samuel Chase*, *James Tilghman*, *William Cook*, *Robert Gouden*, *John Brice*, *Charles Wallace*, *John Davidson*, *Thomas Harwood*, *John Clapham*, *James Williams*, *Thomas Brooke Hodgkin*, *William Rooke*, *Robert Johnson*, *William Deards*, *James Brice*, *Colin Campbell*, *James Dundass*, *John Galloway*, *James Brooks*, and *Samuel Harvey Howard*; who are to give Bond, and be upon Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

A List of Prizes will be published in the Gazette, which will be ready to be paid in One Month after drawing. Those not demanded within Six Months will be deemed as generously given for the Emolument of the City.

** TICKETS may be had of any of the Managers.

Annapolis, March 26, 1772.

THE Subscribers have removed their Store from *Church-Street*, to the new Building on the Front of the Dock, and have imported in the *Carline*, Captain *Thomas Pearson*, from *London*, and to be sold on the most reasonable Terms, at Wholesale and Retail, a general Assortment of *European* and *India* Goods, amongst which are a Choice of Millenery, and the most fashionable Silks.

THOMAS HARWOOD, junr.
JOHN BRICE.

Annapolis, March 24, 1772.

To be SOLD *by the* SUBSCRIBERS,

THREE Tracts of Land, lying in *Frederick* County, containing by Patent 610 Acres, which will be sold for a very reasonable Price. For Terms apply to

SAMUEL HOWARD.
(tf) JOHN HOWARD.

Baltimore, March 7, 1772.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the large commodious and well built Brick Ware-house and Ship-wharf on *Fell's* Point, formerly known by the Name of *Long's*, with a good inclosed Yard, is now open for storing all Kinds of Goods, Grain, and Lumber, where constant Attendance is given: Also at his Office of Insurance in *Baltimore-Town*, as formerly advertised by

THOMAS BRERETON,
(7w) Commission and Insurance Broker.

March 16, 1772.

To be sold by the Subscriber, at publick Vendue, in London-Town, *on Friday the Tenth Day of* April *next,*

AN exceeding good Negro Wench, fit for all Sorts of House Work, with a young Child about Five Months old, and Two Negro Boys, one about Nine the other Five Years old. Also a Parcel of Houshold Furniture, consisting of Featherbeds, Tables of Walnut and Mahogany, Chairs of different Sorts, Desks, Looking-Glasses, Buffets, Pewter, Earthenware, Pots, and all Sorts of Kitchen Furniture; a neat Cart for One Horse, and a young Mare fit for Road or Draught; a good Milch Cow, Hogs, and many other Articles. The Sale to begin at Eleven o'Clock precisely. All Persons who purchase Goods to the Amount of Five Pounds or upwards may have Credit, on giving Bond with Security if required.

N. B. All Persons who have any Claims against the Subscriber are desired to bring them in, and all Persons indebted to him are requested to make immediate Payment.

PRINDOWELL ALLEIN.

Frederick County, *March* 19, 1772.

To be sold at publick Vendue, on Monday the First Day of June *next, on the Premiſes, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, purſuant to the laſt Will and Teſtament of Capt.* John Adamſon, *deceaſed,*

THE Land whereon the deceaſed lived (the burying Ground excepted) lying in *Frederick* County, about Ten Miles from *George-Town*, on *Patowmack* River, Seven meaſured Miles from *Bladenſburg*, about Five Miles from *Rock-Creek* Church, and within Half a Mile of Two good Griſt Mills on the *North-Weſt* Branch, containing upwards of 370 Acres, whereon is a ſmall convenient Dwelling-houſe, with a Brick Chimney, Plank Floors, and a good Cellar, a Kitchen with a Stone Chimney, a Quarter with a Stone Chimney, Meat-houſe, Milk-houſe, Lumber-houſe, Hen-houſe, Still-houſe, Stables, Corn-houſe almoſt new, and Two Tobacco-houſes, in One of which there is a Plank thraſhing Floor, a paled Garden; convenient to the Houſes, particularly the Still-houſe, is a good Draw-well, with Bucket and Chain, *&c.* There are alſo Three Apple Orchards that produce a great deal of Cider, many Peach and ſome Cherry Trees. The Land will ſuit either for planting or farming, having a Meadow upon it, with a conſtant Stream of Water, ſo that it may be watered at pleaſure.

The Purchaſer will have Liberty to put in a Crop of Grain at the Fall as early as he chooſes, and will have full Poſſeſſion of the Houſes and Premiſes on the 25th Day of *December* next.

Twelve Months Credit will be given the Purchaſer from the Day of Sale, on his giving Bond and Security, and paying Intereſt from the 25th *December* next, the Day he is to get full Poſſeſſion.

RICH. BEALL, Son of *Nin.* ſenr. } Executors.
ANDREW HEUGH. (w9) }

Annapolis, March 25, 1772.

To be RENTED *or* SOLD,

A Plantation with the Stock thereon, conſiſting of Horſes, Cattle, and Sheep, and Plantation Utenſils, lying on the North Side of *Magotty* Ferry, not above Four Miles from thence; joining a Creek in the ſaid River, very convenient for Fowling and Fiſhing: The Plantation is under good Fence, a tolerable Apple Orchard thereon, a good Dwelling-houſe, and Out-houſes, from 10 to 40 Acres of good Meadow may be made, and there are now ſowed in the Ground Fourteen Buſhels of Wheat, and Ten Buſhels of Rye. The Title will be made indiſputable, whether rented or ſold. Poſſeſſion may be had immediately on Conditions, by Application to

(3w) JOHN SHAW.

February 23, 1772.

To be ſold by the Subſcriber, Executor of the laſt Will and Teſtament of Edward Norwood, *deceaſed,*

PART of a Tract of Land ſituated in *Baltimore* County, and bounding on the Ferry Branch of *Patapſco* River, containing 75 Acres, called and known by the Name of *Comb's Adventure*, whereon is an excellent Iron Mine, and ſo convenient to the Water, that a Veſſel of 200 Tons may load within 50 Yards of the Bank that is now opened, only by making a ſmall Wharf; there is a tolerable good Dwelling-Houſe on the ſaid Land, and ſundry other Out-Houſes. The above Land will be expoſed to Sale at Mr. *Little's*, in *Baltimore-Town*, on Monday the 13th of *April* next.

Likewiſe will be expoſed to Sale, at Mr. *Rickett's*, at *Elk-Ridge Landing*, on Tueſday the 14th of *April*, the following Tracts or Parcels of Land, lying in the County aforeſaid, *viz. Tan-Yard*, 66 Acres, *Partnerſhip*, 22, *Goſhen*, 60, *Cannon's Delight*, 40, *Bitter Hope*, 20, and *Norwood's Chance*, 10 Acres; wherein is an excellent Mill Seat, and always Water ſufficient to turn any Mill that may be erected thereon, and none of the above Lands are more than 8 Miles from *Baltimore Town*.

EDWARD NORWOOD.

N. B. Any Perſon that is inclinable to purchaſe, may view any of the Premiſes, by applying as above.

March 11, 1772.

LOST on the 5th of this Inſtant, out of the Subſcriber's Pocket, either in *Annapolis*, or between *Severn* Ferry and Mr. *William Gambrill's* on the Head of *Magotty*, Seven Bonds to Meſſ. *Mackie* and *French*, and One proteſted Bill of Exchange, all carefully wrapped up in Half a Sheet of brown Paper. Whoever finds the ſaid Papers, and will return them ſafe to the Subſcriber, ſhall be entitled to Two Dollars Reward, paid by

(w4) VACHEL STEVENS.

July 25, 1771.

RAN away laſt Night from the Subſcriber's Plantation, about 10 Miles from *Baltimore-Town*, 2 Convict Servants, *viz.* DAVID TOOLE, about 5 Feet 4 or 5 Inches high, a well ſet Fellow, has black Hair, gray Eyes, freſh ruddy Complexion, he is an *Iriſhman*, but doth not talk much in that Dialect: Had on and took with him, an old Fearnought Jacket, Oſnabrig Shirt, Crocus Trouſers, Felt Hat, and half worn Shoes. JOHN ROBERSON, an *Engliſh* Convict Boy, about 4 Feet high, and about 14 or 15 Years old, has black Hair, black Eyes, and a good Complexion; he is a very ſmart talkative Boy, and can read and write pretty well; he has had both of his Legs broke by a Cart, which occaſions them to be ſomewhat crooked Had on when he went away, an Oſnabrig Shirt, Felt Hat, a good blue Coat, brown Holland Jacket, and blue Breeches: They may not be dreſſed as is deſcribed, as they took ſundry Cloaths with them, *viz.* A half worn Gold laced Hat, which has a very narrow Brim, a rediſh Wilton Coat, with Pockets in the Skirts, a Check Shirt, and ſtriped Holland Trouſers, an old blue under Jacket, old white Shirt and a new white ditto, 8 Pair of Thread Stockings, and One Pair of worſted ribbed ditto; the Boy has a Pair of Boots.——Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid Servants, ſo that their Maſter gets them again, ſhall have 30 Shillings, if taken above 20 Miles from home, if out of the County, 40 Shillings, and if out of the Province 3 Pounds for each, and reaſonable Charges if brought home.

(tf) JOHN R. HOLLIDAY.

Jan. 6, 1772.

To be ſold at Frederick-Town, *on Thurſday the 28th Day of* May *next*, 6300 *Acres of Land, by Virtue of an Act of Aſſembly of the Province of* Maryland, *impowering the Executors of Col.* Thomas Colvill, *to grant Deeds to Mr.* John Semple, *his Heirs, or Aſſigns, for a certain Tract of Land, called* Merryland, *in* Frederick *County, and Province aforeſaid, containing* 6300 *Acres.*

WE the Subſcribers being Aſſigns of the ſaid *Semple*, and having received from the Executors of Col. *Colvill*, ſufficient Deeds for the Land aforeſaid, do hereby undertake to diſpoſe of the ſame, at the Time and Place above-mentioned. It is laid off into Lots, in the moſt advantageous Manner, ſo that any one of them will make One, Two, or Three good Settlements, as will appear by the Plat, a Copy of which may be ſeen at the Coffee-Houſes of *Philadelphia*, *Baltimore*, and *Annapolis*, in the Hands of *Cumberland Wilſon*, *Dumfries*, *Adam Stewart*, *George-Town*, and Mr. *Charles Beatty*, *Frederick-Town*, who will direct thoſe deſirous of ſeeing the Land, to a Perſon acquainted with the Boundaries, on or near the Premiſes, who will ſhew them the ſame; but as we intend to meet on the Spot ourſelves a few Days before the Sale, in order to run the Lines, *&c.* thoſe inclinable to purchaſe will have an Opportunity of viewing it with us, by attending from Monday the 25th, till the 28th, the Day of Sale.

This Land is very ſuitable for planting or farming, being well watered and timbered, no Settlement having ever been made on it, and a very good Soil; it lies along the Banks of *Patowmack* River, adjoining it for a conſiderable Way, near to *Harper's* Ferry, the main Road from which, to *Frederick-Town* (a very flouriſhing populous Place) runs through it, from which it is diſtant only about Nine Miles, from *George-Town*, the Sea-port of the County Forty five Miles, and from *Baltimore* about Sixty-five Miles; at each of which Places a conſtant and ready Market may be found for all Kinds of Produce.

Its Situation on *Patowmack* River muſt be of conſiderable Advantage to it, and in Time may add immenſely to its Value, when the Navigation is opened, which may be done without any great Difficulty for a conſiderable Diſtance; there being at preſent a tolerable Navigation, both below and above, it lying near the *Shanandoa* Falls, from whence up to *Fort-Cumberland*, 110 Miles, Battoes now frequently paſs, and downwards to the *Seneca* Falls, 25 Miles, which is within 20 Miles of *George-Town*.—It will be ſold in ſeparate Lots, or all together, for Sterling or Current Money, as may beſt ſuit the Purchaſers; one Third to be paid down at the Sale, one Third payable in Twelve Months, and the other in Two Years, giving Bond and Security with Intereſt, till paid.—A moſt undoubted Title will be made to the Purchaſers, by

(tf) ADAM STEUART,
THOMAS MONTGOMERIE,
CUMBERLAND WILSON.

A FEW remaining Copies of the LAWS paſſed laſt Session of Aſſembly; as alſo of the Proceedings upon the Conference, the Address to the Governor upon the Subject of his Proclamation, the Reſolves therewith ſent, and the Governor's Anſwer thereto, may be had at the Printing-Office.

Cambridge, Dorcheſter *County*, July 19, 1771.

THIS is to acquaint the Publick, and my Friends Cuſtomers in particular, that I have lately furniſhed myſelf with a large and compleat Aſſortment of *European*, *Weſt-India* and Country Goods, which I will ſell very reaſonable for Caſh, Wheat, Flaxſeed, Corn, Pork, Staves, Plank, and Shingles.

(tf) MICHAEL BURKE.

January 28, 1772.

ALL Perſons who have any Demands againſt the Eſtate of *Edward Norwood*, late of *Baltimore* County, deceaſed, are deſired to bring their Accounts in legally proved, that they may be adjuſted, and all thoſe indebted to the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to make immediate Payment, to

(8w) EDWARD NORWOOD.

WALLACE, DAVIDSON and [illegible]

At their Store on the Front of the [illegible]

have juſt imported, in the Trimla[illegible] *from* London,

A VERY large and compleat Aſſortment of *European* and *Eaſt-India* Goods ſuitable for Spring and Summer Seaſons, which they will ſell very cheap, for ready Money or ſhort Credit. *Britiſh* Sail Duck, Loaf Sugar, *London* [illegible] nuine Port Wine, and old *Barbadoes* Cane Spirits.

Baltimore-Town, March [illegible]

I HAVE begun to inoculate at my Houſe as uſual, and ſhall continue until the laſt of [illegible] ſhall begin again in *September*, and continue until the Middle of *November*; after which I am determined not to inoculate at my Houſe, but will gladly ſerve any that may be pleaſed to favour me with their Cuſtom in that Way: I will inoculate poor People gratis. I flatter myſelf I have given ſuch convincing Proofs of my Abilities, as renders my ſaying any Thing on that Head unneceſſary.

N. B. A wicked and malicious Inſinuation has been endeavoured, by a *particular* Scoundrel, to be propagated to my Diſadvantage, concerning my Patients having the Small-Pox to uncommonly light as others; the Reaſon given was I give too much Mercury, it is as great a Falſity as ever was aſſerted, for convinced I am, that I do not give by a Third if Half as much as many that inoculate; neither do I deny my giving Mercury, as Inoculation could not be carried on in Safety without it.

The Board Thirty Shillings per Week, and Ten Piſtoles for Inoculation.

(3w) HENRY STEVENSON.

Baltimore Town, March [illegible], 1772.

PUBLICK Notice is hereby given, That the Subſcriber on the 25th of laſt Month, delivered a Letter to a certain *John Hooper* (a Waggoner in *Frederick* County) directed to *Normand Bruce*, Eſq; and incloſed therein Mr *James Cheſton's* Bills of Exchange, dated the 1ſt Day of *February* laſt, payable to the Subſcriber, on Meſſrs. *Stevenſon*, *Randolph* and *Cheſton*, Merchants in Briſtol, for One Hundred and Five Pounds Sterling Money; which Letter the ſaid *John Hooper* promiſed to deliver to the ſaid *Normand Bruce*, Eſq; the next Day after he received the ſame, which he has not done.

Therefore all Perſons whatſoever, are hereby cautioned not to take the ſaid Bills in Payment, or purchaſe them on any Account, as they will not be paid by the Perſons they are drawn on, who are adviſed of the ſame, and directed to ſtop Payment, by *James Cheſton* the Drawer of the Bills, and by *William Aiſquith*.

If the Letter ſhould be left in any Gentleman's Hands by *Hooper*, they are deſired to forward the ſame to *Normand Bruce*, Eſq; and any Expence thereby will be paid by him, or

(5w) WILLIAM AISQUITH.

March 17, 1772.

To be ſold to the higheſt Bidder, at the Coffee-Houſe in Annapolis, *on Thurſday the 16th Day of* April *next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Morning,*

THREE Lots of Ground, delightfully ſituate in the ſaid City, on which there is an old Dwelling Houſe, now rented by Mr. *Thomas* [illegible] for 20 Pounds *per Annum*, which, if the Purchaſer ſhould incline to rent, he is willing to continue. The Subſcriber will attend at the Place by him appointed. (3w)

JOHN STOUGHTON HARMANSON.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE GREEN and SON, at the Printing-Office: Where all Perſons may be ſupplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s.* 6*d.* a Year; Advertiſements, of a moderate Length, are inſerted the Firſt Time, for 5*s.* and 1*s.* for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones in Proportion to their Number of Lines.——At ſame Place may be had, ready Printed, moſt kinds of Blanks, *viz.* Common and Bail Bonds; Teſtamentary Letters of ſeveral Sorts, with their proper Bonds annexed; Bills of Exchange; Shipping-Bills, *&c. &c.* All Manner of Printing-Work performed in the neateſt and moſt expeditious Manner, on applying as above.